HB74AS..0. HB74AR..0.

[en] Instruction manual 2



SIEMENS

en Table of contents

Safety advice and information	2
Before installation	2
Safety advice and information	3
Items that may damage the appliance	3
Your new oven	4
Control panel	4
Function control knob	
Sensors and display panel	5
Sensors to modify the programmed values	5
Oven interior	5
Accessories	
Before using the oven for the first time	
Setting the time	
Heating the oven	
Cleaning the accessories	
Programming the oven	6
Type of heating and temperature	
Rapid heating	
Setting the time functions	7
Timer	
Cooking time	
End time	8
Time	-
Changing the basic settings	
Automatic shut off	
Self-cleaning	9
Suggestions and warnings	9
Before using the self-clean function	
Setting	
After using the self-clean function	
Care and cleaning	
Cleaning products	
Light	11

Removing and retitting the wire shelves or left and right has	
side rails	11
Unhooking and hanging the oven door	11
Fitting and removing the glass panels	12
Troubleshooting	13
Troubleshooting table	13
Changing the oven bulb	14
Protective glass panels	14
After-sales service	14
E number and FD number	14
Energy-saving and environmental protection tips	14
Environmentally-friendly disposal of waste	14
Saving energy	14
Eco hot air function	15
Tables and suggestions	16
Cakes and pastries	16
Practical cooking tips and suggestions	17
Meat, poultry, fish	17
Practical tips for grilling and roasting	19
Gratins, soufflés, browned items	19
Special dishes	20
Drying	20
Frozen ready-meals	20
Jam making	21
Standard meals	
Baking	22
Grilling	22

Additional information on products, accessories, replacement parts and services can be found at **www.siemens-home.com** and in the online shop **www.siemens-eshop.com**

Safety advice and information

Read the instructions in this manual carefully. Keep the operation and installation instructions. The corresponding manual must be passed on to any subsequent owner.

This instruction manual is for use with both stand-alone ovens and oven-hob combinations. Read the instruction manual supplied with the hobs of oven-hob combinations to find out how their hob controls work.

Before installation

Transport damage

Check the appliance after removing it from its packaging. If the appliance has been damaged in transit, do not connect it to the mains; contact the technical support service and note the damage in writing, otherwise you may lose your rights to compensation.

Electrical connection

Only an authorised technician may connect the appliance. The warranty is void if any damage is caused by incorrect connection.

Before using the appliance for the first time, ensure that your domestic electrical system is earthed and meets all the current safety regulations. An authorised technician should install and connect your appliance. Use of this appliance without an earth connection or incorrectly installed can cause serious injuries (personal injuries or electrocution), although this is very rare. The manufacturer accepts no responsibility for any malfunction or damage which is caused by improper electrical installations.

Safety advice and information

This appliance has been designed exclusively for domestic use. Only use the appliance for preparing food.

Children and young adults should not use the appliance without supervision

- because they may suffer either physical or mentally injuries, or
- may not have the knowledge and experience to use it correctly

Never allow children to play with the appliance.

Oven door.

The oven door must remain closed when the oven is switched on. For safety reasons, we recommend keeping the oven door closed, even when the oven is not being used.

Do not lean on, sit on or play with the oven door, even when it is closed.

Hot oven interior

A Risk of burns.!

- Never touch the oven's inner surfaces or heater elements when they are hot. Always carefully open the oven door. The oven may let out steam. Keep children away from the oven.
- Do not pour water into a hot oven. This can produce extremely hot water vapour.
- Do not use the oven to prepare dishes with large quantities of strong alcoholic liquor. Alcohol vapour can ignite inside the oven. Only use strong alcoholic liquors in small doses and take care opening the oven door.

A Risk of fire!!

- Never put flammable objects into the oven. Never open the door if smoke is coming from the appliance. Turn it off. Remove the plug from the mains or disconnect the fuse/ circuit breaker in the fuse box.
- Ensure that the greaseproof paper is securely fixed to the accessories when pre-heating the appliance. An air current occurs when the appliance door is opened. The greaseproof paper could touch the heating elements and burn. Always secure the greaseproof paper with a pan or baking tin. Only cover the required surface with greaseproof paper. The greaseproof paper must fit the accessory perfectly.

⚠ Danger of short-circuits!

Never put the electric cables of electric appliances around the door of the oven. The cable insulation could be damaged.

Hot accessories and pans/dishes

A Risk of burns.!

Never remove accessories or hot dishes from the oven without using grippers.

Inappropriate repairs

A Risk of electrical discharge and the resulting shock.!

Incorrect repairs can be dangerous. Repairs can only be carried out by qualified personnel from the Technical Assistance Service. If the appliance is faulty, unplug from the mains or remove the fuse/turn off the trip switch of the fuse box. Notify the Technical Assistance Service.

Self-cleaning

A Risk of fire!!

- The remains of food and grease as well as roasting juices can catch fire during self-cleaning. Before self-cleaning, remove grease and dirt from inside the oven.
- Do not place flammable objects, such as dishcloths, on the door handle. The outside of the appliance heats up considerably during self-cleaning. Keep children away.

⚠ Significant health risks!

Trays and baking tins with a non-stick surface must not be cleaned using the self-cleaning function. The intense heat removes the non-stick surface and creates toxic gases.

Items that may damage the appliance

Caution!

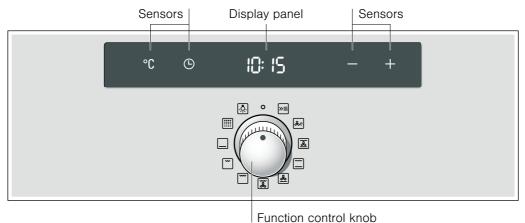
- Accessories, pans, film, greaseproof paper or aluminium foil on the oven floor: Do not place any accessory on the oven floor. Do not cover the oven floor with any type of film or paper. Do not place any cookware on the oven floor if the temperature is set at more than 50 °C. It will get too hot. Oven and cooking times will be inaccurate and the enamel will be damaged.
- Water in a hot oven Do not pour hot water into a hot oven. Steam will be produced. The resulting changes in temperature may damage the enamel and/or accessories.
- Liquid foods: Do not keep liquid foods for too long inside the oven with the door closed. This would damage the enamel.
- Fruit juices: Do not overfill the tray when baking pies containing juicy fruits. Fruit juice spilling from the tray will cause stains that will be impossible to remove. Use the deep enamel tray whenever possible.
- Leaving the door open when the oven is cooling down The oven must only be left to cool with the door closed. Even if the oven door is left only slightly open, the fronts of nearby kitchen units may be damaged over time.
- Dirty oven seal A very dirty oven seal will prevent the oven door from remaining properly closed during operation. The fronts of nearby kitchen units may be damaged. Keep the oven door seal clean at all times.
- The oven door as a support surface: Do not rest or sit on the oven door when it is open. Do not place any cookware or accessory on the oven door.
- Transporting the appliance: Do not use the door handle to move or secure the appliance. The handle cannot take the weight of the appliance and may break. The glass panel of the oven door might move, causing misalignment between the front panel and the glass panel.
- Grilling: When grilling, do not place the universal deep tray or the flat oven tray at a height of more than 3. Due to the extreme heat, it could be deformed and cause damage to the enamel when it is removed. Use level 4 and 5 only for direct grilling.

Your new oven

We will now describe your new oven. This chapter explains the functions of the control panel and its individual elements. Information is also provided about the oven's accessories and internal components.

Control panel

Below is a general overview of the control panel. The display panel cannot show all the symbols at the same time. Elements may vary according to the model.



Knobs

The control knob is retractable on some ovens. The control knob is retracted or returned by pressing it when at the zero setting.

Sensors

Do not press the sensors forcefully. Only press the relevant symbol.

Function control knob

The function control knob is used to select the type of heating.

Setting Use		Use
0	Zero setting	The oven is off.
»ss	Rapid heating	The oven reaches the programmed temperature very quickly
≜e	Eco hot air function*	To prepare, on one level and when preheating is not required, cakes, confectionery, deep frozen products, roasts and fish. The fan distributes air evenly inside the oven to optimise energy use.
<u>&</u>	Hot air*	For cakes and pastries. These can be baked on two levels. A fan located on the rear wall of the oven disperses the heat evenly.
	Top and bottom heat*	For cakes, gratin dishes, and lean meat roasts, e.g. veal or game, on one level. The heat is provided by the bottom and top heating elements.

^{*} Type of heating used to determine the appliance energy efficiency rating according to EN60350.

Set	ting	Use	
&	Pizza function	Quick preparation of frozen foods without pre-heating, e.g., pizza, chips or puff pastries. The heat comes from the bottom element and the fan located on the rear wall.	
[#]	Grill with hot air.	For roasting joints of meat, poultry and fish. The grill heating element and the fan switch on and off alternately. The fan circulates the heat generated by the grill around the food.	
""	Grill, large surface area	For grilling steaks, sausages, fish and toasting bread. The entire surface below the grill heating element is heated.	
~	Grill, small surface area	For grilling a small number of steaks or sausages or small amounts of fish, and toasting bread. Only the central area of the grill heating element heats up.	
	Bottom heating.	Confits, baking and cooking au gratin. The heat comes from the bottom element.	
	Self-cleaning	Using the self-cleaning function to clean the inside of the oven. The oven heats to clean itself.	
۵	Light	For turning on the oven light.	
	* Type of heating used to determine the appliance energy		

efficiency rating according to EN60350.

When a heating type is selected, the -- symbol is displayed on the display panel.

Sensors and display panel

The sensors are used to set different functions. The set values are shown on the display panel.

Ser	nsor	Sensor function	
°C	Temperature	Select the temperature and grill power or cleaning level.	
<u>(b)</u>	Time functions	Select the timer \bigcirc , the cooking time $ \rightarrow $, the end time $\rightarrow $ and the time \bigcirc .	
_	Minus	Reduce programmed values.	
+	Plus	Increase programmed values.	

The symbol for the time function activated lights up on the display panel.

Sensors to modify the programmed values

With the ullet or ullet sensors all fixed and recommended settings can be changed.

- + = Increase programmed values.
- = Reduce programmed values.

Ranges	Ranges		
30-270	Temperature range	The temperature inside the oven in °C.	
1-3	Grill power	The power levels of the small surface grill and large surface grill.	
		1 = level 1, low	
		2 = level 2, medium	
		3 = level 3, high	
	Cleaning levels	Self-cleaning levels IIII.	
		1 = level 1, low	
		2 = level 2, medium	
		3 = level 3, high	
1 sec	23:59 h.	Cooking time.	
1 sec	23:59 h.	Time set on the timer.	

When the oven is heating, the \(\frac{1}{8} \) symbol lights up on the display panel. This light goes off when heating is paused. The symbol does not light up for grill power and cleaning level.

Oven interior

The oven includes a fan and light.

Light

The oven light remains on while the oven is on. The light switches off at set temperatures of up to 60°C and during the clean function. This ensures optimum precision control.

However, the light can be turned on without the oven being on by setting the function control knob to \triangle .

Far

The fan can be turned on and off as necessary. The hot air escapes through the top of the door. Warning! Do not cover the vent. The oven could overheat.

The fan remains on for a certain length of time after the oven has been switched off so that it can cool down more quickly.

Accessories

Racks may be positioned in the oven at 5 different heights. Up to 2/3 of a rack may be pulled out without it tipping over.



Racks may deform as they heat up. Once they have cooled, the deformation disappears and their operation is unaffected.

Your oven is supplied with only some of the following accessories.

Accessories may be purchased from the Technical Assistance Service, from specialist retailers or on the Internet. Enter the HZ number.



Shelf

For pans, baking tins, roasts, grilled items and frozen meals.

Put the shelf in the oven so that its curvature is face down —.



Flat enamel oven tray

For cakes, pastries and biscuits.

Place the tray in the oven with its raised lip facing the door.



Universal deep enamel tray

For runny cakes, pastries, frozen meals and large joints for roasting. This can also be used as a tray to collect the fat when roasting directly on the shelf.

Place the tray in the oven with its raised lip facing the door.



Accessory support

The universal deep tray or the flat oven tray can also be cleaned during the self-clean function.

Insert the accessory to the right and left.

Special accessories

Accessories may be purchased from the Technical Assistance Service or from specialist retailers. There is a wide range of accessories available for the oven in our catalogues and on the Internet. Ordering online and the availability of special accessories changes from country to country. Consult your purchase documentation.

Not all of the special accessories are suitable for all appliances. When purchasing, always give the exact name (E-Nr.) of your appliance.

Special accessories	HZ number	Use
Flat enamel oven tray	HZ361000	For cakes and biscuits.
Universal deep enamel tray	HZ362000	For cakes with juices, pastries, frozen meals and large joints for roasting. This can also be used as a tray to collect the fat when roasting directly on the shelf.
Shelf	HZ364000	For kitchen pans, cookware, baking tins, roasts, items placed directly on a shelf and frozen meals.
Pizza tray	HZ317000	Ideal for pizza, frozen foods, or large round cakes. The pizza tray can be used instead of the universal deep tray. Place the tray on the shelf and follow the indications in the tables.
Metal pan	HZ26000	The casserole dish may be used on the roasting areas of the ceramic hob. It is ideal when using the cooking sensors for the automatic programme and for automatic roasting. The casserole dish is enamelled on the outside and has a non-stick internal coating.
Glass casserole dish	HZ915001	The glass casserole dish is ideal for preparing stews and foods that need browning in the oven. It is especially suitable for automatic programmes and automatic roasting.
Triple removable guide rails	HZ368300	The triple guide rails at levels 1, 2 and 3 ensure that accessories can be fully removed without them tipping over.

Before using the oven for the first time

In this section, you can find out what you must do before using your oven to prepare food for the first time. First read the section on *Safety information*.

Setting the time

Once the oven has been connected, the 3 and 3:3 symbols light up on the display panel. Set the clock to the right time.

- 1. Press the ⊕ sensor.

 The display panel displays the time 12.00
- 2. Set the time with the + or sensors.
- **3.** Confirm the time with the (5) sensor.

The programmed time is displayed after a few seconds.

Heating the oven

To remove the "new" smell, heat the oven empty with the door closed. The most effective option is to heat the oven for one hour with the top and bottom heating elements \square set at 240 °C. Check that no packaging has been left inside the oven.

- Select top and bottom heating using the function control knob.
- 2. Press the + sensor until 240 °C is displayed on the display panel.

Turn the oven off after one hour. To do this, turn the function control knob to zero.

Cleaning the accessories

Before using the accessories for the first time, clean them thoroughly using a cloth, hot water and a little soap.

Programming the oven

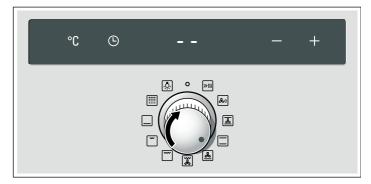
There are different ways to programme the oven. Programming the type of heating, temperature or grill power. The oven can be programmed with the cooking time (duration) and the end time for each dish. For more information, see the chapter *Setting the time functions*.

Note: We recommend preheating the oven before inserting the food in order to avoid condensation on the oven glass.

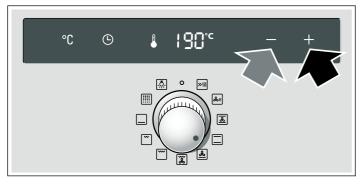
Type of heating and temperature

Example in the picture: top and bottom heat at 190 °C

1. Select the type of heating using the function control knob.



 Set the temperature or required grill power using the + or sensors.



The oven will begin to heat up.

Switching the oven off

Set the function control knob to the zero setting.

Changing the settings

The type of heating and the temperature or grill power may be changed at any time.

Rapid heating

With the rapid heating setting, the oven reaches the programmed temperature very quickly.

Rapid heating must be used for temperatures of more than 100 °C.

To ensure uniform cooking, the food must not be put into the oven until rapid heating has been completed.

- 1. Select rapid heating wu using the function control knob.
- **2.** Select the required temperature using the **+** and **-** sensors.

The $\mbox{\$}$ symbol lights up on the display panel. The oven will begin to heat up.

End of rapid heating

A signal will sound, the \(\frac{1}{8} \) symbol will go out. Place the food in the oven and select the required function and temperature.

Cancelling rapid heating

Set the function control knob to the zero setting. The oven switches off.

Note: With the rapid heating function you cannot programme the cooking time duration.

Setting the time functions

This oven has various time functions. The ⑤ sensor activates the menu and moves through the different functions. The time symbols remain lit up while settings are programmed. A time function that has already been programmed can be modified with the + or - sensors.

Timer

The timer works independently of the oven. The timer has its own signal. You can therefore distinguish whether the time set for the timer or the automatic oven shut-off have finished (cooking time).

1. Press the \bigcirc sensor.

The \triangle symbol lights up on the display panel.

2. Programme the timer using the + or - sensors.

Sensor suggested value + = 10 minutes.

Sensor suggested value - = 5 minutes.

The programmed time is shown after a few seconds. The time set for the timer starts to count down. The \triangle symbol lights up on the display panel and the time elapsed is displayed.

The time set for the timer has elapsed

A signal will sound. The display panel will show $\square \square:\square \square$. Switch off the timer using the \bigcirc sensor.

Changing the time set on the timer.

Change the time set for the timer using the + or - sensors. The altered time is shown after a few seconds.

Cancelling the timer

When the oven switches off, the timer continues working. Resetting the timer to $\square\square:\square\square$ with the — sensor. The timer switches off.

Viewing the time settings

If several time functions are programmed, the corresponding symbols light up on the display panel.

To view the timer \bigcirc , the cooking time $|\rightarrow|$, the end time $\rightarrow|$ or the time \bigcirc , press the \bigcirc sensor repeatedly until the required symbol lights up. The corresponding value will be shown for a few seconds on the display panel.

Cooking time

The oven allows you to set the cooking time for each type of food. The oven switches off automatically when the cooking time has finished. This avoids interrupting other tasks to switch the oven off or exceeding the cooking time by mistake.

Example in the picture: Cooking time: 45 minutes.

- **1.** Select the type of heating using the function control knob.
- 2. Press the ⊕ sensor twice.

 The display panel will show ♣ and the cooking time symbol 1→1.



3. Programme the cooking time using the + or - sensors.
Sensor suggested value + = 30 minutes.
Sensor suggested value - = 10 minutes.



4. Press the °C sensor.

Set the temperature or required grill power using the + or - sensors.

The oven will switch on after a few seconds. The programmed temperature will be shown on the display panel and the I->I symbol will light up.

The cooking time has finished

A signal will sound. The oven will stop heating. The display panel will show $\square \square : \square \square$. Press the \bigcirc sensor twice . A new cooking time can be set with the sensors + or -. Or pressing the \bigcirc sensor and turning the control knob to zero. The oven is off

Changing the cooking time

Press the 🖰 sensor twice. Change the cooking time using the + or - sensors.

Cancelling the cooking time

Press the \odot sensor twice. Reset the cooking time to $\square \square \square \square \square$ with the sensor —. The time has been cancelled.

Viewing the time settings

If several time functions are programmed, the corresponding symbols light up on the display panel.

To view the timer \bigcirc , the cooking time $|\rightarrow|$, the end time $\rightarrow|$ or the time \bigcirc , press the \bigcirc sensor repeatedly until the required symbol lights up. The corresponding value will be shown for a few seconds on the display panel.

End time

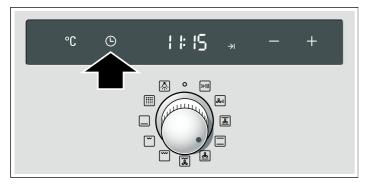
The oven allows you to set the time when you want the food ready. In this case the oven switches on automatically and switches off at the set time. For example, the food may be placed in the oven in the morning and the oven set so that it is ready at midday.

Please ensure that the food will not go off if it is in the oven for too long.

Example in the picture: It is now 10:30 AM, the cooking time is 45 minutes and the oven should switch off at 12:30 PM.

- 1. Set the function control knob.
- 2. Press the 🕒 sensor twice.
- **3.** Programme the cooking time using the **+** or **-** sensors.
- 4. Press the 🕒 sensor.

The time when the dish will be ready and the end time symbol \rightarrow I will be shown on the display panel.



5. Delay the end time using the + or - sensors.



6. Press the °C sensor.

Set the temperature or required grill power using the $m{+}$ or $m{-}$ sensors.

The programmed temperature and the \rightarrow I symbol will be shown on the display panel, and the oven will be set to standby. When the oven turns on, the programmed temperature and the \rightarrow I symbol will be shown. The \rightarrow I symbol turns off.

The cooking time has finished

A signal will sound. The oven will stop heating. The display panel will show $\square \square : \square \square$. Press the \bigcirc sensor twice . A new cooking time can be set with the sensors + or -. Or pressing the \bigcirc sensor and turning the control knob to zero. The oven is off.

Changing the end time

Press the sensor ① twice. Change the cooking time using the + or - sensors. The altered time is shown after a few seconds. Do not change the end time if the cooking time has already started to count down. The final result may not be the same.

Cancelling the end time

Press the 🖰 sensor three times and reset the end time to the current time with the — sensor. The oven switches on.

Viewing the time settings

If several time functions are programmed, the corresponding symbols light up on the display panel.

To view the timer \triangle , the cooking time $|\rightarrow|$, the end time $\rightarrow|$ or the time \bigcirc , press the \bigcirc sensor repeatedly until the required symbol lights up. The corresponding value will be shown for a few seconds on the display panel.

Time

Once the oven has been connected or after a power cut, the D and a: D symbols light up on the display panel. Set the clock to the right time.

1. Press the 🕒 sensor.

The time is displayed 12:00.

- 2. Set the time with the + or sensors.
- 3. Confirm the time with the 🕒 sensor.

The programmed time is displayed after a few seconds.

Changing the time

No other time function must be programmed, the oven must be switched off.

- **1.** Press the \bigcirc sensor twice. The display panel displays \bigcirc .
- 2. Set the time with the + or sensors.
- **3.** Confirm the time with the (5) sensor.

The programmed time is displayed after a few seconds.

Hiding the time

The time can be hidden. See the *Modifying basic settings* chapter.

Changing the basic settings

This oven has different basic settings. The settings can be adapted to the user's own needs.

Basic setting		Option 0	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3
c !	Duration of signal after the cooking time or the time set on the timer has elapsed	-	approx. 10 sec	approx. 2 min*	approx. 5 min
c2	Time indicator	no	yes*	-	-
с3	Time until a setting is applied	-	approx. 2 sec	approx. 4 sec*	approx. 10 sec
c 5	The shelf support rails have been refitted.	no	yes	-	-
сδ	Select default settings for all values.	no*	yes	-	-

Default setting

The oven must be switched off.

- 1. Press the ⊕ sensor for approximately 4 seconds. The display panel will show the current basic setting for the duration of the signal, e.g., c ! Option ?.
- **2.** Change the basic setting using the **+** or **-** sensors.

3. Confirm with the sensor .

The display panel shows the following basic setting. The \bigcirc sensor allows you to run through all the settings and the + or - sensors allow you to modify them.

4. Finally, press the \bigcirc sensor for approximately 4 seconds.

All basic settings have been applied.

The basic settings can be changed again at any time.

Automatic shut off

If the settings of the appliance are not changed for several hours it is automatically shut off. The oven will stop heating. This depends on the temperature or grill power selected.

Automatic shut off is activated

A signal will sound. The display shows $\emph{F8}$. The oven will stop heating.

Turn the function control knob to the zero setting. The oven switches off.

Cancelling the automatic shut off function

To avoid triggering the automatic shut off, a cooking time must be set. The oven will heat until this time is up.

Self-cleaning

During the self-cleaning function, the oven heats to about 500 °C. In this way, baking and cooking remains are burned and only ash remains have to be cleaned from the oven.

There are three cleaning levels available.

Level	Cleaning level	Duration
1	mild	approx. 1 hour, 15 minutes
2	medium	approx. 1 hour, 30 minutes
3	intense	approx. 2 hours

The more intense and old the dirt, the higher the self cleaning level used. The inside of the oven only has to be cleaned once every two or three months. Complete cleaning requires approximately 2.5 - 4.7 kilowatt-hours.

Suggestions and warnings

For safety reasons, the oven door locks automatically. The oven door can be opened once again when the inside of the oven has cooled a little and the lock symbol switches off. Do not attempt to move the latch by hand.

Do not attempt to open the oven door during self-cleaning. Otherwise, cleaning will be interrupted.

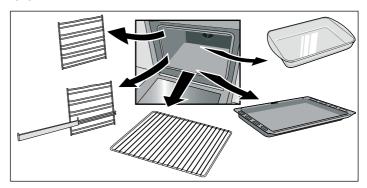
The oven light does not switch on during self-cleaning.

⚠ Risk of fire!!

The outside of the oven heats up considerably. Keep the front of the oven clear. Do not place flammable objects, such as dishcloths, on the door handle. Keep children away.

Before using the self-clean function

The oven must be empty. Remove accessories, pans, wire shelves or left and right hand side rails. See the *Cleaning and care* chapter to release the shelves or left and right hand side rails.



Clean the oven door and the side surfaces inside the oven around the area with seals. Do not rub the seals.

A Risk of fire!!

The remains of food and grease as well as roasting juices can catch fire. Use a damp cloth to clean the inside of the oven and the accessories that will be cleaned inside the oven.

Cleaning of the accessories

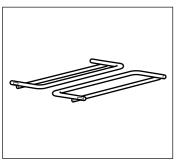
The wire shelves or left and right hand side rails are not suitable for self cleaning. Remove these from the oven.

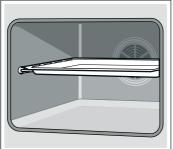
For optimum cleaning of the oven interior, it is recommended that the self-clean function is not used with the trays. However, with the accessory support, the universal deep enamel tray or the flat enamel oven tray can also be cleaned using the self-clean function. Only clean one accessory at a time.

The shelf should not be cleaned using the self-clean function.

If your oven does not have this support, it can be purchased from the Technical Assistance Service or over the Internet by quoting part number 466546.

The accessory support is inserted to the right and left.





Use water to clean food remains, oil and roasting juices from the accessories.

Place the universal deep tray or the flat oven tray on the support.

⚠ Significant health risks!

Do not place non-stick baking tins or trays in the oven during self-cleaning. The intense heat removes the non-stick surface and creates toxic gases.

Setting

Once the cleaning level has been selected, set the oven.

- Select the Self-cleaning IIII function with the function control knob.
- 2. Set the required cleaning level using the + or sensors.

The display panel will show the cleaning level and the \rightarrow symbol. Self-cleaning starts within a few seconds.

The oven door locks shortly after the function has started. The symbol lights up on the display panel. Only when the symbol turns off can the oven door be opened again.

Self-cleaning has ended.

The display panel will show \(\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{C} \mathbb{Q} \mathbb{C} \mathbb{Q} \mathbb{C} \mathbb{C} \mathbb{C} \). The oven will stop heating. Turn the function control knob to the zero setting. The oven switches off. The oven door can be opened again when the \(\mathbb{C} \) symbol on the display panel turns off.

Changing the cleaning level

The cleaning level cannot be changed once it has started.

Stopping the self-cleaning

Turn the function control knob to the zero setting. The oven switches off. The oven door can be opened again when the symbol on the display panel turns off.

Delaying the end time

The oven allows you to programme the self-cleaning end time. Self-cleaning can therefore be programmed at night for example, leaving the oven free for use during the day.

Programme as described in section 1 and 2. Before starting the self-cleaning, press the \bigcirc sensor three times and delay the end time with the + or - sensors.

The oven is set to standby. The display panel will show the cleaning level and the \rightarrow I symbol. When self-cleaning starts, the cleaning level and the \rightarrow I symbol are shown. The \rightarrow I symbol switches off.

Viewing the time settings

To view the duration of the cleaning level or the end time of the self-cleaning press the \bigcirc sensor repeatedly until the required symbol lights up. The corresponding value will be shown for a few seconds on the display panel.

After using the self-clean function

Once the inside of the oven has cooled, clean the ash remains using a damp cloth.

Care and cleaning

If cleaned and properly cared for, your oven will keep its bright appearance and operating performance for many years to come. Advice on how to care for and clean your oven is provided below.

Notes

- Different colours may be seen in your front panel due to the various materials used in its manufacture, such as glass, plastic and metal.
- Dark patches in the door's glass panel may seem to be dirt but they are in fact reflections from the oven light.
- Enamel burns at very high temperatures. This may cause slight discolouration. This is normal and does not affect the oven's operation. The edges of thin baking trays may not be completely enamelled. They may therefore feel slightly rough, although their corrosive protection will be unaffected.

Cleaning products

Follow the information provided in the table to avoid damaging the various oven surfaces by using unsuitable cleaning products. Do not use

- abrasive or acidic cleaning products,
- strong products containing alcohol,
- scourers or hard sponges,
- high-pressure or steam cleaners.

Wash new cloths thoroughly before use.

Zone	Cleaning products
Front panel	Hot water and a little soap: Clean with a dishcloth and dry with a soft cloth. Do not use window cleaner or a glass scraper.
Stainless steel	Hot water and a little soap: Clean with a dishcloth and dry with a soft cloth. Immediately remove any water marks, grease, cornflower or egg white stains since corrosion could occur underneath these marks or stains.
	Special products for the care of stainless steel and which are suitable for hot surfaces may be obtained from Technical Assistance Service centres and specialist retail outlets. Use a very fine soft cloth to apply the cleaning product.
Glass panel	Glass cleaning products: Clean using a soft cloth. Do not use a glass scraper.
Display	Glass cleaning products: Clean using a soft cloth. Do not use alcohol, vinegar or other abrasive or acidic cleaning products.
Glass panel	Glass cleaning products: Clean using a soft cloth. Do not use a glass scraper.
Door covering	Only use products specially for cleaning stainless steel (these can be obtained from the Technical Assistance Service or from specialist shops). Follow the manufacturer's instructions.
Oven interior	Hot water with a little soap or water and vinegar: Clean with a dishcloth.
	If very dirty, use a stainless steel scourer or special oven cleaning products. These must only be used on a cold oven.
	Whenever possible, use the self-cleaning function. See the chapter on the Self-cleaning function.
Glass cover for the oven light	Hot water and a little soap: Clean with a dishcloth.
Seal (do not remove)	Hot water and a little soap: Clean with a dishcloth. Do not rub.
Wire shelves or rails	Hot water and a little soap: Soak them clean using a dishcloth or brush.
Sliding guides	Hot water and a little soap: Clean with a dishcloth or a brush. Do not leave this to soak or wash in a dishwasher.
Accessories	Hot water and a little soap: Soak them clean using a dishcloth or brush.

Light

The oven light can be turned on manually to facilitate cleaning.

Connecting the oven bulb

Turn the function control knob to the A position.

The light will come on.

Turning the oven light off

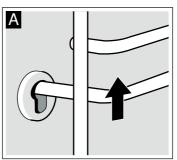
Turn the function control knob to the oposition.

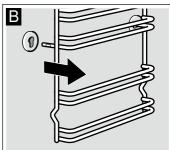
Removing and refitting the wire shelves or left and right hand side rails

The wire shelves or left and right hand side rails can be removed for cleaning. The oven must be cold.

Removing the wire shelves or rails

- 1. Lift the wire shelf or rail from the front
- 2. and release it (figure A).
- **3.** Then pull the wire shelf or rail completely out and remove it (figure B).

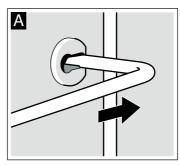


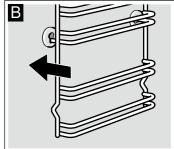


Clean the wire shelves or rails with washing-up liquid and a sponge. The use of a brush is recommended for stubborn stains.

Install the wire shelves or rails

- First insert the shelf or the rail in the rear groove by pushing it back slightly (figure A)
- 2. then insert it in the front groove (figure B).



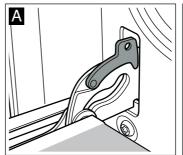


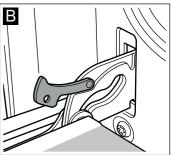
Wire shelves or rails can be adjusted on the left and right hand side. Their curvature should always be face down.

Unhooking and hanging the oven door

The front panel can be unhooked to help remove the oven door and clean the glass panels.

The oven door hinges are fitted with a locking lever. The door cannot be unhooked if the locking lever is closed (figure A). Once the locking lever has been opened to unhook the door (figure B), the hinges will be locked in position. This prevents the door from suddenly closing.



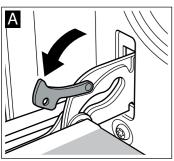


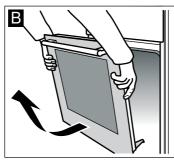
A Risk of injuries.!

The hinges may close suddenly if they are not locked in position by the lever. Note that the locking levers are always closed, apart from when unhooking the door, when the levers must be open.

Unhooking the door

- 1. Fully open the oven door.
- 2. Remove both locking levers located on the right and left hand sides (figure A).
- 3. Fully close the oven door as far as possible (figure B). Grip the left and right hand sides of the door with both hands. Close the door slightly more and remove it.

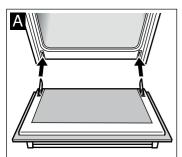


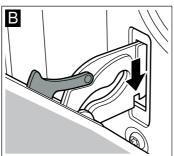


Hanging the door

Rehang the door by following the same steps but in reverse order.

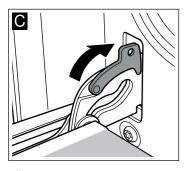
- When refitting the door, check that both hinges are positioned exactly inside their respective openings (picture A).
- 2. The bottom groove of the hinges must fit snugly on both sides.





The door may be left crooked if the hinges are not mounted properly.

3. Reclose the attachment levers (picture C). Close the oven door.



A Risk of injuries.!

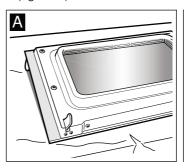
Do not touch the hinges; the door might accidentally fall or a hinge might suddenly close. Notify the Technical Assistance Service.

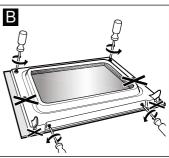
Fitting and removing the glass panels

The glass panels of the oven door can be removed to make cleaning easier.

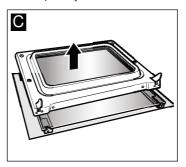
Removing

- **1.** Unhook the oven door and position it on a cloth with its handle pointing downwards (figure A).
- 2. First, unscrew the two lower bolts then the two upper bolts (figure B).

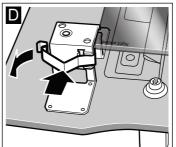


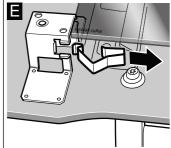


3. Completely remove the door base (figure C).

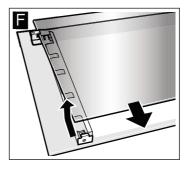


4. Remove the two clips from the top of the glass (figure D). To do this, slightly press down on the clip with your thumb and pull on the tab with your index finger (figure E).





5. Lift the inside glass, push it slightly upwards then remove it from below (figure F).



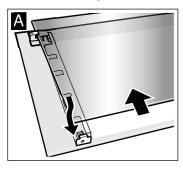
Clean the glass panels using a glass cleaning product and a soft cloth.

Do not use abrasive or corrosive cleaning products, glass scrapers or hard metal scourers as these could damage the glass.

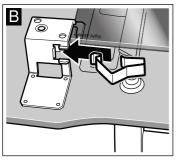
Installing

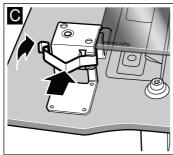
When installing the glass, check that the phrase "right above" on the bottom left-hand side is upside down.

1. Insert the interior glass, tilting it upwards and then inserting it downwards (figure A).

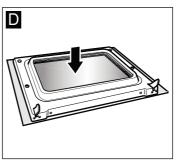


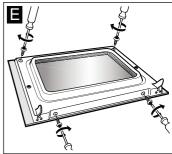
2. Refit the clamps on the bottom left and right hand side (figure B). To do this, hook the clamps in the upper part of the support and press into place (figure C).





- 3. Refit the entire door base (figure D).
- **4.** First, screw the two lower bolts into place then the two upper bolts (figure E).





5. Hanging the oven door.

Once the glass panels have been correctly fitted, the oven is ready to use.

Troubleshooting

Quite often, when there is a malfunction, it is usually a small irregularity which is easy to rectify. Before contacting the Technical Assistance Service, try to determine the cause of the fault using the following table.

Troubleshooting table

Fault	Possible cause	Solution/advice
The oven does not work.	The fuse has blown.	Check the condition of the fuse/circuit breaker in the fuse box.
	Power cut	Check that the light in the kitchen and other household appliances are working.
The symbol lights up on the display with some zeros.	Power cut	Set the time once again.
The oven does not work.	There is dust in the contacts.	Turn the control knob several times in both directions.
The oven door does not open. The ⊕ symbol lights up on the display panel.	The oven door has been locked by the self-cleaning function	Wait until the oven has cooled and the ⊕ symbol turns off.
The display shows FB .	The appliance has been automatically turned off.	Turn the function control knob to the zero setting.

Error messages

When the indicator displays an error message with \mathcal{E} , press the \odot sensor. The message will disappear. The set time function will be deleted. If the error message does not disappear, call the Technical Assistance Service.

The following error messages can be solved by the user.

Error message	Possible cause	Solution/advice
E0	A sensor has been pressed for too long or has got stuck.	Press all the sensors one by one. Check if a sensor is stuck, covered or dirty
E 106	The door lock has been activated with the door open.	Press the sensor. You can now begin programming again.
E 1 15	The temperature inside the oven is too high.	The door oven is locked and heating has stopped. Wait until the oven has cooled. Press the (b) sensor and reset the time.

A Risk of electrical discharge and the resulting shock.!

Incorrect repairs can be dangerous. Repairs can only be carried out by qualified personnel from the Technical Assistance Service.

Changing the oven bulb

If the oven light is damaged it must be replaced. Special heat resistant bulbs can be obtained from the Technical Assistance Service or in specialist shops. Only use this type of bulb.

A Risk of electrical discharge and the resulting shock.!

Disconnect the appliance from the mains. Ensure that this is turned off.

- 1. Place a dishcloth into the cold oven to avoid damage.
- 2. Remove the glass protection by unscrewing it to the left.



- 3. Replace the bulb with a similar bulb.
- 4. Screw the protection glass back into place.
- Remove the dishcloth and switch the oven back on at the mains.

Protective glass panels

Damaged protective glass panels must be replaced. Protective glass panels cay be obtained from the Technical Assistance Service. Please quote your appliance's product number and production number.

After-sales service

Our after-sales service is there for you if your appliance needs to be repaired. We will always find the right solution in order to avoid unnecessary visits from a service technician.

E number and FD number

When calling us, please give the product number (E no.) and the production number (FD no.) so that we can provide you with the correct advice. The rating plate containing these numbers can be found on the right-hand side of the oven door. You can make a note of the numbers of your appliance and the telephone number of the after-sales service in the space below to save time should it be required.

E no. FD no.

After-sales service ®

Please note that there will be a fee for a visit by a service technician in the event of a malfunction, even during the warranty period.

Please find the contact data of all countries in the enclosed customer service list.

To book an engineer visit and product advice

GB 0844 8928999

Calls from a BT landline will be charged at up to 3 pence per minute. A call set-up fee of up to 6 pence may apply.

IE 01450 2655

Trust the expertise of the manufacturer, and rest assured that the repair will be carried out by trained service technicians using original spare parts for your domestic appliance.

Energy-saving and environmental protection tips

In this chapter we offer you some advice about how to save energy when baking or roasting and how to properly dispose of the appliance.

Environmentally-friendly disposal of waste

Dispose of packaging with the environment in mind.



This appliance is identified according to the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive WEEE 2002/96/EC. This directive defines the framework for the recycling and reuse of appliances used in EU territory.

Saving energy

- Preheat the oven only if this is required by a recipe or is indicated in the tables.
- Use dark, lacquered or black enamel baking tins. These are more efficient at absorbing heat.
- Keep the oven door closed during cooking, baking and roasting cycles.
- When baking several cakes, these should be preferably baked one after the other. The oven will still be hot, thereby reducing the cooking time for the second cake. Two rectangular baking tins can be placed side-by-side.
- For long cooking times, the oven may be turned off 10 minutes prior to the specified time, allowing the item to continue to cook but taking advantage of the oven's residual heat.

Eco hot air function

Using the eco let hot air function, significant energy savings can be made cooking dishes on one level. The cooking, baking and roasting cycles do not require preheating.

Notes

- So that the energy-saving function works efficiently, the dish should be placed in a cold and empty oven.
- During the roasting cycle, the oven door should only be opened whenever really necessary, for example, to turn food over. In the chapter "Tables and suggestions", there are advice and suggestions on baking and roasting.

Table

The following table shows the selection of dishes suitable for the energy-saving function. The table gives details of suitable temperature settings, accessories and heights for each dish.

The temperature and the cooking time can change depending on quantity, condition and the quality of food. Thus, the values given in the table are approximate. We recommend beginning with the lowest value. Items will be more evenly browned at a lower temperature. If the result is not as expected, use a higher temperature setting next time.

Type of heating = & eco hot air

	Accessory	Level	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Cakes and pastries				
Marble cake	shelf + rectangular baking tin	2	160-170	95-100
Butter sponge cake	shelf + rectangular baking tin	2	150-160	60-70
Savoy cake	shelf + baking tin	2	150-160	75-80
Sponge cake	shelf + black enamel baking tin	2	160-165	40-45
Spanish sponge cake, 3 eggs	shelf + black enamel baking tin	1	160-170	40-45
Pastry case	flat oven tray	3	160-170	30-40
Apple pie	universal deep tray	3	170-180	55-65
Swiss roll	flat oven tray	3	160-170	15-20
Small sponge cakes	flat oven tray	3	150-160	20-30
Cream-filled buns	universal deep tray	3	200-210	35-40
Butter buns (12 units)	flat oven tray	3	170-180	15-20
Meat				
Roast veal (1.5 kg of veal in puff pastry)	wire grill + closed pan	2	200-210	110-120
Roast pork (1 kg head end of loin)	wire grill + open pan	2	180-190	110-120
Fish				
Gilthead bream in a salt crust (2 pieces, 450 g each)	flat oven tray	3	180-190	40-45
Hake (1 piece, 1 kg to 1.2 kg)	flat oven tray	2	180-190	50-55
Baked gilthead bream/sea bass (2 pieces, 350 g each)	universal deep tray	3	180-190	30-35
Monkfish (2 pieces, 400 g each)	flat oven tray	2	180-190	30-35
Frozen ready-meal				
Thin base frozen pizza	shelf	2	210-220	12-15
Mozzarella sticks	flat oven tray	2	230-240	12-20
Chips for baking	flat oven tray	3	210-220	15-20
Mini filled puff pastries	flat oven tray	3	180-190	10-20
Jalapeno peppers	flat oven tray	3	200-210	15-20
Chicken wings	flat oven tray	3	200-210	15-20
Frozen lasagne (450 g)	shelf	2	200-230	35-45
Other				
Fresh lasagne	shelf + open pan	2	170-180	45-55
Dauphinoise potatoes	shelf + open pan	2	155-165	65-75

Tables and suggestions

Here are some details of a range of dishes and the ideal settings for their preparation. This also provides information about which accessories to use and at which height they should be placed. There is also advice on which pans to use, food preparation guidelines and suggestions on what to do if things go wrong.

If you wish to use your own recipe, as a guide, you can use a similar one listed in the cooking table.

Cakes and pastries

Baking tins

Ideally, dark-coloured metal baking tins should be used. Always place baking tins on shelves.

Tables

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for use without preheating the oven. This will help you to save energy. If the oven has been preheated, the cooking times indicated can be reduced by 5 to 10 minutes.

Consult the tables to determine the most suitable type of heating for the type of cake or pastry in question. Oven temperature and cooking time depend on the number of items and the consistency of the mix. For this reason the cooking tables will always provide approximate cooking times. Start with the lowest figure. The items will be more evenly browned at a lower temperature. A higher temperature can always be used next time, if necessary.

Further information is provided in the "Practical cooking tips" section.

Cakes in tins	Baking tin placed directly on a shelf	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Cake	Corrugated tart baking tin,	1		220-240	40-50
	Ø 31 cm.	2+3	基	190-210	45-55
Quiche	Corrugated tart baking tin, Ø 31 cm.	1		220-230	40-50
Cakes*	Corrugated cake baking tin, Ø 31 cm.	2		180-200	50-60

^{*} To bake more than one cake at a time, place several cake tins on the shelf.

Cakes baked on a tray		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Pizzas	Oven tray	2		200-220	25-35
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	<u>&</u>	180-200	35-45
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	*	170-180	30-40
Puff pastry	Oven tray	3	基	170-190	20-30
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	<u>&</u>	170-190	35-45
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	&	170-190	35-45

^{*} When cooking on two levels, always place the aluminium tray on the lower level and the universal deep tray on the upper level. Additional baking trays can be obtained from a specialist retail outlet or from the Technical Assistance Service.

Bread and rolls		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Yeast bread made using 1.2 kg of	Enamel baking tray	2		270	8
flour* (with preheating)				200	35-45
Bread made from yeast-containing	Enamel baking tray	2		270	8
dough containing 1.2 kg of flour* (with preheating)				200	40-50
Rolls (e.g. made from rye)	Enamel baking tray	3		200-220	20-20

^{*} Never pour water directly into a hot oven.

Pastries		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Pastries and biscuits	Baking tray	3		150-160	20-30
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	<u>&</u>	140-150	25-30
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	æ	140-150	25-30
Meringues	Baking tray	3	***	80-90	180-210

^{*} When cooking on two levels, always place the aluminium tray on the lower level and the universal deep tray on the upper level. Extra baking trays may be obtained as optional accessories from specialist retail outlets.

Pastries		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Cream puffs	Baking tray	2		190-210	30-40
Macaroons	Baking tray	3		110-130	30-40
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	<u>&</u>	100-120	35-45
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	æ	100-120	35-45

^{*} When cooking on two levels, always place the aluminium tray on the lower level and the universal deep tray on the upper level. Extra baking trays may be obtained as optional accessories from specialist retail outlets.

Practical cooking tips and suggestions

If you want to use your own recipe.	You can use a similar one listed in the cooking table.
How to check if your sponge cake is ready.	Ten minutes before the end of the cooking time indicated in the recipe, test the thickest part of the cake with a thin wooden skewer. The cake is ready when the skewer comes out clean, with no traces of cake batter left on the skewer.
The cake is too flat.	Next time, try using less liquid or reduce the oven temperature by 10 degrees. Ensure you mix the batter according to the times given in the recipe.
The cake has a peaked centre, but the edges have shrunken.	Do not grease the tin. Once the cake is ready, use a knife to carefully remove it from the tin.
If the cake is too brown on top.	Position the cake deeper in the oven, reduce the oven temperature and bake it for longer.
The cake is too dry.	Use a skewer to make small holes in the finished cake. Pour a few drops of fruit juice or alcohol over the cake. Next time, increase the oven temperature by 10 degrees and reduce the cooking time.
The bread or cake (fruit cake, for example) looks fine on the outside but still has soft (soggy) areas inside.	Next time, use less liquid and leave the product for a little longer in the oven, at a lower temperature. The bases of cakes with juicy toppings should be baked first on their own. Then sprinkle chopped almonds or breadcrumbs on the base before adding the topping. Follow the recipe and observe the cooking times.
Biscuits are not evenly browned.	Select a lower temperature; the biscuits will be browned more uniformly. Bake more delicate pastries with top and bottom heating on one level. Overhanging greaseproof paper may also affect air circulation. Always trim it to fit the baking tray.
Products have been baked on different levels. Biscuits on the upper tray are darker than those on the lower tray.	Always use the hot air function when baking products on different levels. Although several baking trays may be placed in the oven at the same time, this does not mean that they will necessarily all be ready at the same time.
Baking moist cakes produces condensation.	Condensation may form when baking. Some of this moisture may evaporate via the door handle, and droplets of condensation may form on the control panel or on the front of nearby kitchen units. The oven is physically designed with this in mind.

Meat, poultry, fish

Cookware

Any heatproof cookware can be used.

Always place cookware in the centre of the shelf.

Hot glass cookware should be placed on a dry dishcloth. The glass could shatter if rested on a wet or cold surface.

Practical tips for roasting

The roasting results will depend on the type and quality of the meat concerned.

When roasting lean meats, 2 or 3 tablespoonfuls of liquid should be added. When braising meat, 8 to 10 tablespoonfuls of liquid should be added, depending on the size of the piece of meat concerned.

Turn pieces of meat over halfway through cooking.

Once the roast is ready it should be allowed to rest for 10 minutes in the oven, with the power switched off and the door closed. This allows the juices in the meat to distribute themselves most evenly.

Practical tips for grilling

Always grill food with the oven door closed.

Ensure the pieces of meat to be grilled are of equal thickness, where possible. The pieces should be at least 2 to 3 cm thick, so that it retains all its juices and browns evenly. Only season steaks after they have been grilled.

Place the steaks directly on the shelf. When grilling a single piece of meat, place it in the centre of the shelf. This will produce the best results. The enamel tray should be inserted at level 1. The tray will help keep the oven clean by catching any meat juices.

The meat or fish should be turned over after two thirds of the cooking time has elapsed.

The grill switches on and off automatically. This is normal. The frequency with which this occurs depends on the power level which has been selected.

Meat

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for use without preheating the oven. The times in the table are given as a guide and may vary depending on the quality and nature of the meat.

Meat	Weight	Cookware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature at °C, grill power	Cooking time, minutes
Ox stew (e.g. ribs)	1.0 kg	covered	2		220-240	90
	1.5 kg	 ;	2		210-230	110
	2.0 kg	 ;	2		200-220	130
Beef loin	1.0 kg	uncovered	2		210-230	70
	1.5 kg		2		200-220	80
	2.0 kg		2		190-210	90
Rare roast beef*	1.0 kg	uncovered	1	\tilde{\	210-230	40
Steaks, well done		Shelf***	5		3	20
Steaks, bloody		<u> </u>	5	""	3	15
Pork without rind (e.g. neck)	1.0 kg	uncovered	1	III	190-210	100
	1.5 kg		1	III	180-200	140
	2.0 kg	<u> </u>	1	III	170-190	160
Pork with rind** (e.g. shoulder,	1.0 kg	uncovered	1	Image: Control of the	180-200	120
leg)	1.5 kg	<u> </u>	1	III	170-190	150
	2.0 kg	<u> </u>	1	3	160-180	180
Smoked pork ribs, on the bone	1.0 kg	covered	2		210-230	70
Baked mince meat	750 g of meat	uncovered	1	X	170-190	70
Sausages	approx. 750 g	Shelf***	4	"	3	15
Roast veal	1.0 kg	uncovered	2		190-210	100
	2.0 kg	<u> </u>	2		170-190	120
Boned leg of lamb	1.5 kg	uncovered	1	X	150-170	110

^{*} Turn the roast beef over after half the cooking time has elapsed. When it has finished cooking, wrap it in aluminium foil and leave it to rest in the oven for 10 minutes.

Poultry

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for an oven without any preheating.

The weight indications in the table refer to unstuffed oven-ready birds.

If grilling directly on the shelf, place the enamel tray on level 1.

When preparing duck or goose, prick the skin of the bird under the wings several times: this will enable the fat to drain easily.

Turn the whole bird over after two thirds of the cooking time has elapsed.

To make the skin deliciously golden and crispy, baste it with butter, salted water or orange juice at the end of the cooking time.

Poultry	Weight	Cookware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, minutes
Chicken halves, 1 to 4 portions	400 g each	Shelf	2	Z	200-220	40-50
Chicken pieces	250 g each	Shelf	2	Z	200-220	30-40
Chicken, whole 1 to 4 birds	1.0 kg each	Shelf	2	Z	190-210	50-80
Duck	1.7 kg	Shelf	2	Z	180-200	90-100
Goose	3.0 kg	Shelf	2	Z	170-190	110-130
Young turkey	3.0 kg	Shelf	2	Z	180-200	80-100
2 turkey legs	800 g each	Shelf	2	III	190-210	90-110

^{**} Score the pork rind several times. If you intend to turn the meat, place it in the pan, rind side down first.

^{***} Place the enamel tray on level 1.

Fish

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for use without preheating the oven.

Fish	Weight	Cookware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature at °C, grill power	Cooking time, minutes
Grilled fish	300 g	Shelf*	3	""	2	20-25
	1.0 kg		2	3	180-200	45-50
	1.5 kg		2	3	170-190	50-60
Fish slices	300 g each	Shelf*	4	""	2	20-25

^{*} Place the enamel tray on level 1.

Practical tips for grilling and roasting

No information is provided in the guidance table for the weight of the meat to be roasted.	Programme the nearest weight below the weight of your joint and increase the cooking time.
How can I check that the meat is ready?	Use a meat thermometer (available from specialist shops) or use the "spoon test". Press down on the meat using a spoon. If the meat feels firm when pressed, it is ready; if not, it must be cooked for more time in the oven.
The meat looks too dark and the outside is burned in several places.	Check that you have selected the correct height and temperature.
The meat looks fine, but the juices have burned.	Next time, use a smaller dish or add more liquid.
The meat looks fine, but the juices have not browned and look watery.	Next time, use a larger dish or add less liquid.
Condensation is produced when making gravy using the roasting juices.	A lot of this moisture evaporates via the condensation outlet, and droplets of condensation may form on the colder control panel or on the fronts of nearby kitchen units. This is an unavoidable phenomenon.

Gratins, soufflés, browned items

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for an oven without any preheating.

Food	Cookware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature at °C, grill power	Cooking time, minutes
Sweet soufflés (e.g. cheese soufflé with fruit)	Soufflé dish	2		180-200	40-50
Savoury foods for browning	Soufflé dish or enamel tray	3		210-230	30-40
containing cooked ingredients (for example, pasta with a browned topping)		3		210-230	20-30
Savoury foods for browning which	Browning dish or enamel tray	2	Z	160-180	50-70
contain raw ingredients* (for example, dauphinoise potatoes)		2	X	160-180	50-70
Browning toast	Shelf	5		3	4-5
Cheese on toast	Shelf**	3+1	Z	170-180	8-12

^{*} The browning must not be more than 2 cm thick.

^{**} Always place the enamel tray on level 1.

Special dishes

This appliance can be set to temperatures of between 30 and 270 °C. The 50 °C temperature can be used to make creamy yoghurt or a spongy bread dough.

Firstly remove the accessories and shelves or left and right hand side rails from the oven.

Making yoghurt

- 1. Boil 1 litre of milk (3.5 % fat) and allow it to cool to about 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$
- 2. Mix 150 g of yoghurt (at fridge temperature).

- **3.** Pour the mixture into jars or bowls and cover them with transparent film.
- 4. Preheat the oven as instructed.
- **5.** Now, place the bowls or jars on the bottom of the oven and prepare as follows.

Allow the dough with yeast to rise

- **1.** Prepare the dough as usual. Pour the dough into a heat resistant ceramic baking dish and cover it.
- 2. Preheat the oven for 5-10 minutes.
- Turn off the appliance and allow the dough to rise inside the oven.

Preparation

Food	Cookware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature	Time
Yoghurt	Place the bowls or jars	at the bottom of the oven	惫	Preheat to 50 °C	5 min.
				50 °C	8 h
Allow the dough with yeast to rise	vith Place a heat at the bottom of resistant cookware oven	at the bottom of the	f the 🔳	Preheat to 50 °C	5-10 min.
		oven		turn off the appliance and place the dough inside the oven.	20-30 min.

Drying

Use only fruit and vegetables that are in perfect condition and wash them thoroughly first.

Drain well and dry thoroughly.

Cover the enamel tray and shelf with special baking parchment or greaseproof paper.

Food	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time, hours	
600 g of sliced apples	2+3		80	approximately 5 h	
800 g of pears cut into chunks	2+3		80	approximately 8 h	
1.5 kg of cherries	2+3		80	approximately 8 -10 h	
200 g of cleaned, fresh herbs	2+3		80	approximately 11/2 h	

Note: If the fruit or vegetables contain a lot of juice or water, they will have to be turned over several times. Once dried, remove them from the paper immediately.

Frozen ready-meals

Follow the food manufacturer's instructions on the packaging.

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for an oven without any preheating.

Food	Accessories	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Time in minutes
Chips*	Shelf or enamel tray	3		190-210	20-30
Pizza*	Shelf	2		200-220	15-20
Pizza-baguette*	Baking tray	3		190-200	20-25

^{*} Place the greaseproof paper on top of the rack. Check that the greaseproof paper is suitable for this temperature.

Note: The baking tray may deform when frozen foods are being defrosted. This is due to the accessories being subjected to different temperatures. The deformation will disappear during defrosting.

Jam making

For cooking, the jars and the elastic bands must be clean and in perfect condition. Whenever possible, use jars of equal sizes. The values in the tables are given for round 1-Litre jars.

Caution

Do not use larger or taller jars. Their lids could explode.

Only use fruit and vegetables that are in good condition. Clean them well.

The times given in tables are only given as an indication. These can vary according to the outside temperature, number of jars, quantity and temperature of the jar content. Before turning off the appliance, ensure the jars have begun to bubble.

Preparation

- Tip the fruit or vegetable into the jars but do not fill them to the brim.
- 2. Clean the edges of the jars; these must be clean.

- 3. Place a cover and wet elastic band on each jar.
- **4.** Close the iars with clamps.

Do not place more than six jars in the oven at the same time.

Setting

- **1.** Place the flat oven tray on level 2. Place the jars on the tray so that they do not touch each other.
- 2. Pour half a litre of hot water (approx. 80 °C) on the flat oven tray.
- 3. Close the oven door.
- **4.** Position the control knob to bottom heat position .
- 5. Set the temperature between 170 and 180 °C.

Jam making

After approximately 40 - 50 minutes, bubbles begin to form rapidly. Switch the oven off

Take the jars out of the oven after approximately 25 - 35 minutes (the residual heat is used in this time). If these are allowed to cool in the oven for more time, this could promote the formation of germs making the jam acidic.

Fruit in 1 L jars	from when bubbles start to appear	Residual heat	
Apples, gooseberries, strawberries	To switch off	approx. 25 minutes	
Cherries, apricots, peaches, gooseberries	To switch off	approx. 30 minutes	
Apple, pear or cherry puree	To switch off	approx. 35 minutes	

Cooking vegetables

When small bubbles begin to form in the jars, adjust the temperature to approximately 120 - 140 °C. About 35 - 70 minutes, depending on the type of vegetables. After this time, turn off the oven to use the residual heat.

Cold cooking vegetables in 1 L jars	When bubbles start to appear Residual heat 120-140 °C		
Peppers	-	approx. 35 minutes	
Beetroot	approx. 35 minutes	approx. 30 minutes	
Brussels sprouts	approx. 45 minutes	approx. 30 minutes	
Beans, kohlrabi, red cabbage	approx. 60 minutes	approx. 30 minutes	
Peas	approx. 70 minutes	approx. 30 minutes	

Remove the jars from the oven

Remove the jars from inside the oven when cooking is finished.

Caution!

Do not place hot jars on a cold or wet surface. They could explode.

Standard meals

According to the DIN 44547 and EN 60350 standard.

Baking

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for an oven without any preheating.

Food	Accessories, advice and warnings	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Time in minutes
Biscuits containing butter	Flat oven tray	2		160-170	20-30
	Universal deep tray	3		150-160	20-30
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	æ	140-160	20-30
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	æ	140-160	20-30
20 small cakes	Baking tray	3		150-170	20-30
20 small cakes on one tray (preheating required)	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	*	150-170	25-35
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	***	150-160	20-30
Sponge cake	Detachable baking tin	1		170-180	30-40
Pastry case	Enamel baking tray	3		160-180	30-40
	Aluminium tray + flat oven tray*	2+3	æ	150-170	30-45
	Aluminium tray + universal deep tray*	2+4	æ	150-170	30-40
Apple pie	2 grills* + 2 corrugated Ø 20 cm detachable baking tins.**	2+3	<u></u>	170-180	60-70
	Enamel tray + 2 corrugated Ø 20 cm detachable baking tins.**	1	8	190-210	70-90

^{*} When cooking on two levels, always place the aluminium tray on the lower level and the universal deep tray on the upper level.

Shelves and baking trays may be obtained as special accessories from specialist retail outlets.

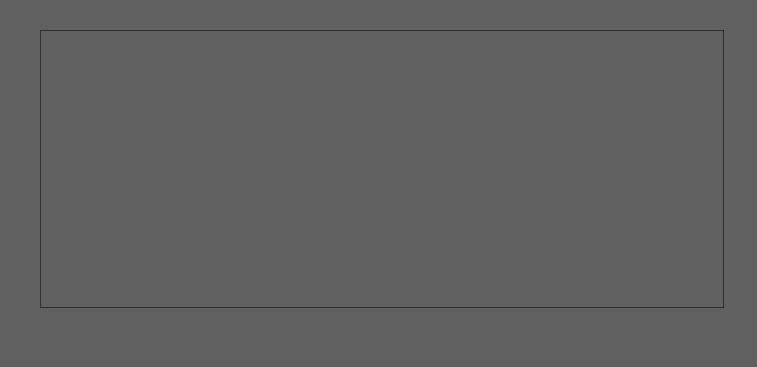
Grilling

The cooking times in the table below have been calculated for an oven without any preheating.

Food	Accessories	Level	Type of	heating Grill power	Time in minutes
Browning toast (preheat for 10 min.)	Shelf	5	""	3	1/2-2
12 beef hamburgers*	Shelf	5+1		3	25-30

^{*} Turn over halfway through the cooking time. Always place the enamel tray on level 1.

^{**} Position the cakes diagonally on the accessories.



Siemens-Electrogeräte GmbH Carl-Wery-Straße 34 81739 München DEUTSCHLAND