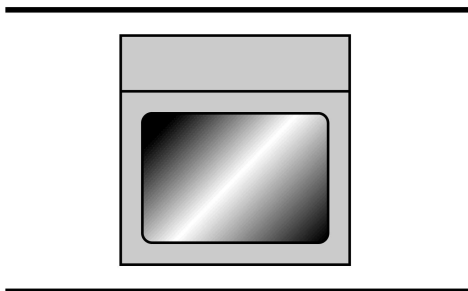


# SIEMENS



# Table of contents

<b>Important information</b>	<b>5</b>
Before installation	5
Safety information	6
Reasons for damage	6
<b>Your new cooker</b>	<b>7</b>
The control panel	7
Function selector	8
Temperature selector	8
Push-in control knobs (according to models)	9
Types of heating	9
Oven and shelving accessories	11
Cooling fan	11
<b>Before using for the first time</b>	<b>12</b>
Heating up the oven	12
Pre-cleaning the accessories	12
<b>Setting the oven</b>	<b>13</b>
Setting procedure	13
<b>Care and cleaning</b>	<b>14</b>
Oven exterior	14
Oven	14
Cleaning the glass panels	17
Cleaning the rails	18
Seal	18
Accessories	18
<b>Troubleshooting</b>	<b>19</b>
Replacing the oven light	19

## Table of contents

<b>After-sales service</b> .....	<b>20</b>
<b>Packaging and old appliances</b> .....	<b>21</b>
<b>Tables and tips</b> .....	<b>21</b>
Cakes and pastries .....	21
Baking tips .....	23
Meat, poultry, fish .....	24
Tips for roasting and grilling .....	27
Bakes, gratins, toast .....	28
Defrosting .....	29
Drying .....	29
Preserving .....	30
Energy saving tips .....	32
<b>Acrylamide in food</b> .....	<b>32</b>
What can you do? .....	33
<b>Test dishes</b> .....	<b>34</b>

---

# Important information

Read this instruction manual carefully. Only then will you be able to operate your cooker safely and correctly. The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility if the instruction manual is not followed.

Please keep the instruction and installation manual in a safe place. Please pass on the instruction manual to the new owner if you sell the appliance.

This instruction manual is for use with both, ovens and cookers. If your appliance is a cooker the operation of the hob is explained in the manual of the hob.

---

## Before installation

### Transport damage

Check the appliance after unpacking it. Do not connect the appliance if it has been damaged in transport.

### Electrical connection

The cooker may only be connected by an approved specialist. Losses resulting from damage caused by incorrect connection will invalidate warranty claims.

Before using the appliance for the first time, you must ensure that the domestic electrical system is earthed and meets all the current safety regulations. An authorized electrician should install and connect your appliance.

Use of this appliance without an earth connection or incorrectly installed can cause serious injuries (injuries or electrocution), although this is very rare

The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for any inappropriate use or for any injury caused by incorrect electrical installation.

---

## Safety information

### Hot oven



This appliance is intended for domestic use only.  
Only use the cooker for food preparation.

Open the oven door carefully. Hot steam may escape.  
Never touch the internal surfaces of the oven or the heating elements. There is a risk of burning.  
Children must be kept at a safe distance from the appliance.

Never store combustible items in the oven. Risk of fire

Never clamp leads of electrical appliances in the hot oven door. The insulation on the leads could melt.  
There is a risk of short-circuiting.

### Repairs



Incorrectly done repairs are dangerous. There is a risk of electrocution.

Repairs may only be carried out by after-sales service technicians who have been fully trained by us.

In case of malfunction, disconnect the appliance from the mains.

Call the after-sales service.

---

## Reasons for damage

### Baking sheet or aluminium foil on the oven floor

Do not place baking sheets on the oven floor. Do not line the oven floor with aluminium foil.

This causes heat to accumulate. Baking and roasting times will no longer be correct and the enamel will be damaged.

### Water in the oven

Never pour water directly into a hot oven. This could damage the enamel.

### Fruit juice

When baking very moist fruit cakes, do not put too much on the baking sheet. Fruit juice dripping from the baking sheet leaves stains that cannot be removed.

### Cooling with the oven door open

Only leave the oven to cool with the door closed. Do not allow anything to become trapped in the oven door. Even if you only leave the oven door open slightly, the fronts of adjacent units may become damaged over time.

### Very dirty oven seal

If the oven seal is very dirty, the oven door will no longer close properly when the oven is in use. The fronts of adjacent units could be damaged. Keep the oven seal clean.

### Using the oven door as a seat

Do not stand or sit on the oven door.

---

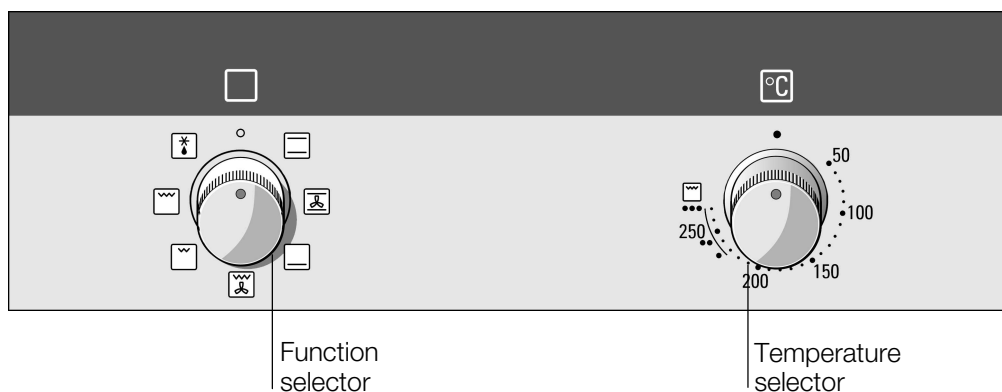
## Your new cooker

Here you will learn more about your new oven. The control panel and its switches and indicators are explained here. The heating modes and the accessories included with your oven will be explained here.

---

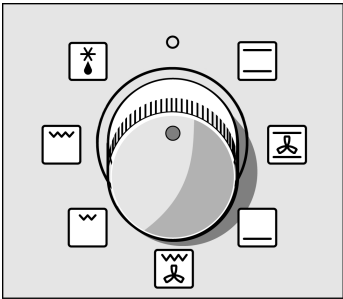
### The control panel

Details vary according to the appliance model.



# Function selector

Use the function selector to select the type of heating for the oven.



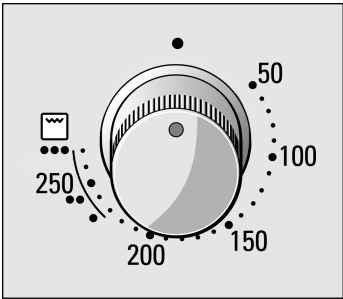
## Settings

	Conventional heat
	Hot air*
	Bottom heating
	Hot air grilling
	Radiant grill - small area
	Radiant grill - large area
	Defrosting

When you select a function, the symbol above the function selector lights up. The oven light switches on.

# Temperature selector

Use the temperature selector to set the temperature or grill setting.



## Temperature

50-270	Temperature range in °C	
Grill		Level
•	Low grill	1
••	Medium grill	2
•••	High grill	3

The indicator light by the temperature selector comes on while the oven is heating up. It goes out during pauses in heating. The light does not come on for defrosting.

## Grill levels

You can adjust the grill setting on the radiant grill to small area or large area using the temperature selector.

## Push-in control knobs (according to models)

The control knobs can be pushed in. Simply press the control knob to release or lock it.

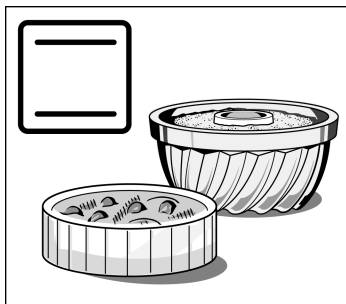
The function selector can be turned clockwise or anticlockwise, whereas the temperature selector can only be turned clockwise.

## Types of heating

Different types of oven heating are available. You can therefore select the best method for cooking any dish.

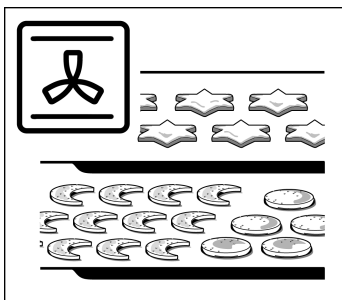
### Top/bottom heating

This ensures the even distribution of heat onto the cake or roast from the top and bottom of the oven. This type of heating is best for cake mixtures in tins or for bakes. Top/bottom heating is also suitable for cooking lean roasts of beef, veal and game.



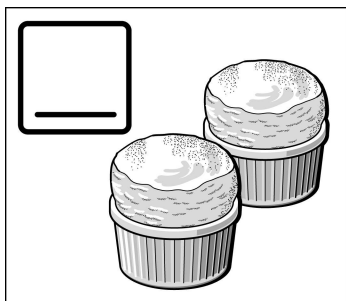
### Hot air

A cooling fan in the oven's back wall distributes the heat in a uniform manner throughout the oven. Using hot air, it is possible to bake cakes and pizza on two shelves. The required oven temperatures are lower than those for top/bottom heating. Hot air is ideal for drying food.

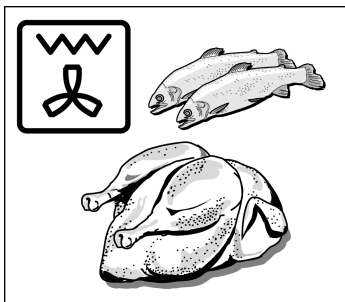


### Bottom heating

You can reheat or brown meals using bottom heating. It is also suitable for making jam and marmelade.

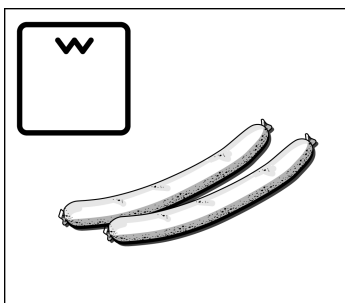






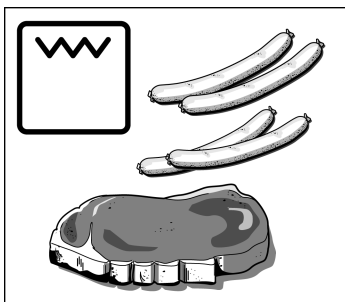
### Hot air grilling

This type of heating involves the grill element and the fan switching on and off alternately. During the pause in heating, the fan circulates the heat generated by the grill around the food. This ensures that pieces of meat are crisped and brown on all sides.



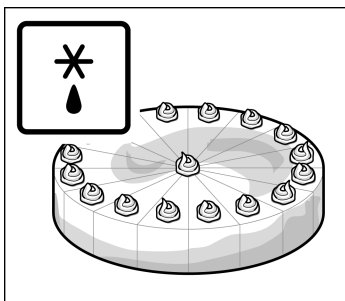
### Radiant grill - small area

The entire area under the grill element becomes hot. This is ideal if you wish to cook several steaks, sausages, fish or slices of toast.



### Radiant grill – large area

The entire area under the grill element becomes hot. This is ideal if you wish to cook several steaks, sausages, fish or slices of toast.

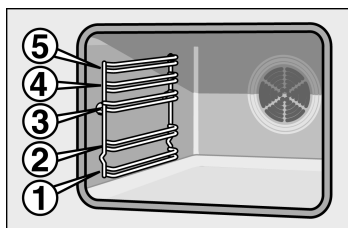


### Defrosting

A fan in the rear wall of the oven circulates the air in the oven around the frozen food. Frozen pieces of meat, poultry, bread and cakes defrost evenly.

---

## Oven and shelving accessories

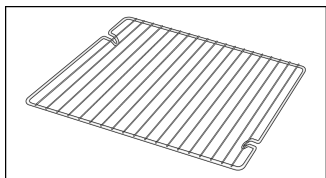


The shelf can be inserted at 5 different heights in the oven.

You can remove the shelf two thirds of the way without it tipping. This makes it easier to take food out of the oven.

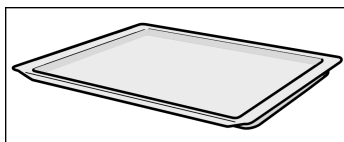
### Accessories

Accessories may be purchased at a later date from the after-sales service or from specialist shops.



#### Wire rack

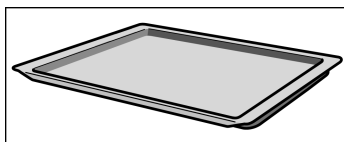
For ovenware, cake tins, roasts, grilling and frozen meals.



#### Aluminium tray

For cakes and biscuits.

Push the baking tray as far as possible into the oven, with the sloping edge facing towards the oven door.



#### Enamel baking tray

For moist cakes, pastries, frozen food and large roasts. It can also be used to catch dripping fat when you are grilling directly on the wire grill.

Push the baking tray with the sloping edge facing towards the oven door.

---

## Cooling fan

The oven is fitted with a cooling fan. It switches itself on and off as necessary. The warm air escapes above the door.

---

# Before using for the first time

This section will tell you everything you need to do before using the cooker for the first time.


Heat the oven and clean the accessories. Read the safety instructions in the “Important information” section.

---

## Heating up the oven

### Method

Heat the empty oven with the door closed to remove the new oven smell.

1. Set the function selector to .
2. Use the temperature selector to set the temperature to 240 °C.

Switch off the function selector after 60 minutes.

---

## Pre-cleaning the accessories


Please wash the accessories thoroughly with soapy water and a cleaning cloth before using them.

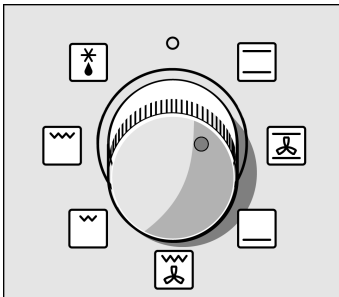
# Setting the oven

You can easily set the oven using the function selector and the temperature selector.

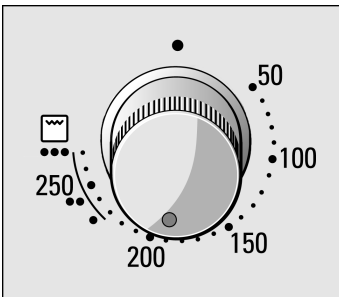
The correct type of heating and temperature for many dishes can be found in the “Tables and tips” section.

## Setting procedure

Example: Top/bottom heating , 190 °C



1. Select the desired type of heating using the function selector.



2. Use the temperature selector to set the temperature or grill setting.

**When the meal is ready**

Switch off the function selector.

**Changing the setting**

You may change the temperature or grill setting at any time.

---

# Care and cleaning

Do not use high-pressure cleaners or steam jets.

---

## Oven exterior

Wipe the oven with water and a little washing-up liquid. Dry it with a soft cloth.

Caustic or abrasive substances are not suitable. If any such substances come into contact with the frontage, wipe it off immediately with water.

Slight differences in the colours on the appliance front are caused by the use of different materials, such as glass, plastic and metal.

### Appliances with stainless steel fronts

Always remove any flecks of limescale, grease, cornflour and egg white immediately. Corrosion can form under such flecks.

Use stainless steel care products. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. Try out the product on a small area first, before using on the whole surface.

---

## Oven

Never use coarse scouring pads or cleaning sponges. Oven cleaner may only be used on enamelled oven surfaces.

### For ease of cleaning

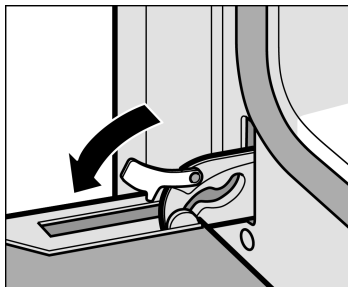
you can switch on the oven light and detach the oven door.

## Switching on the oven light

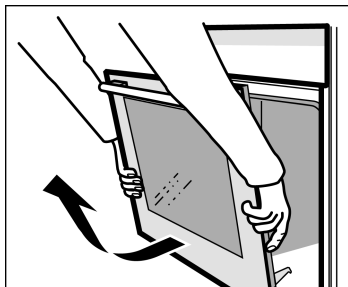
Set the function selector to .

## Detaching the oven door

The oven door can be easily detached.



1. Open the oven door fully.
2. Move the two locking levers on the left and right-hand sides.



3. Half-close the oven door.  
With both hands, grip the bottom of the door on the left and right-hand sides.  
Close the door a little more and pull it out.

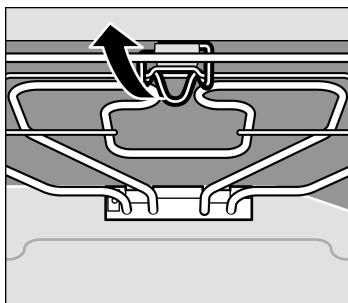
After cleaning, re-install the oven door, following the instructions in reverse order.

## Folding down the grill element

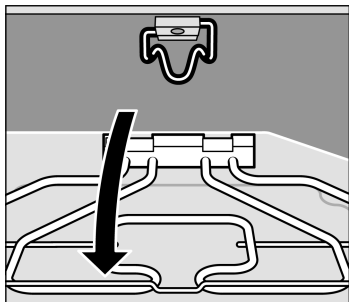
Fold down the grill element to facilitate cleaning of the oven cover.



Warning: the oven must be cold. There is a risk of burning.



Pull the handle on the folding grill towards the front and push it upwards until you hear it click into place. At the same time, hold the grill element and fold it down.



After cleaning:

Fold the grill element back up. Push the handle down until the grill element engages.

### **Cleaning the catalytic surfaces of the oven**

The top and side walls of the oven are coated with self-cleaning enamel. The surfaces clean themselves while the oven is in operation. Large splashes may only disappear after the oven has been used several times.

Never use oven cleaner on self-cleaning surfaces.

If the self-cleaning surfaces of the oven are no longer cleaning themselves sufficiently, they can be regenerated using the cleaning function.

Should the enamel become slightly stained, this will not affect its self-cleaning properties.

### **Cleaning the oven floor**

Use hot soapy water or a vinegar solution.

It is best to use oven cleaner if the oven is very dirty. Only use oven cleaner in a cold oven.

Never use oven cleaner on the self-cleaning surfaces of the oven.

Note:

Enamel is baked on at very high temperatures. This can cause some slight colour variation. This is normal and does not affect the function. Do not use coarse scouring pads or strong cleaning agents to remove such discolorations.

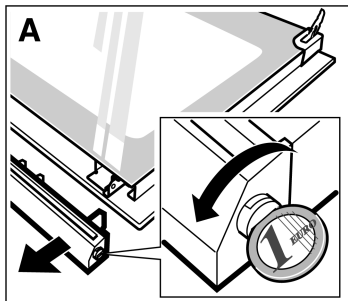
The edges of thin trays cannot be completely enamelled. As a result, these edges can be rough. Anti-corrosion protection is guaranteed.

### **Cleaning the glass cover for the oven light**

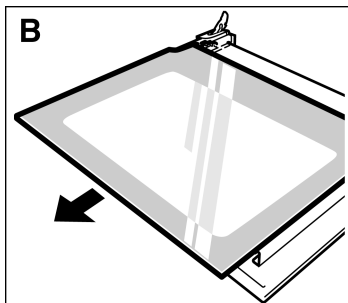
It is best to clean the glass cover with washing-up liquid.

## Cleaning the glass panels

The glass panel on the oven door can be removed to assist in cleaning.



1. Remove the oven door and lay it on a cloth with the handle underneath.
2. Unscrew the cover on top of the oven door. Turn the screws clockwise or anti-clockwise with a coin to do this. (Fig. A)



3. Slide out the panel. (Fig. B)

Clean the glass panel with glass cleaner and a soft cloth.

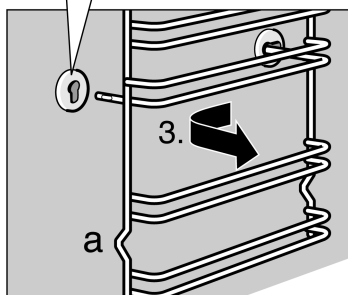
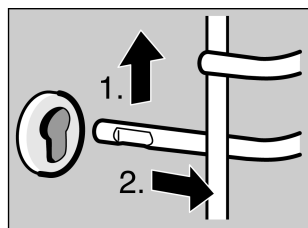
4. Push the panel back in. Make sure that the smooth surface is facing outwards.
5. Replace the cover and screw it back on.
6. Refit the oven door.

**The oven must not be used again until the panel has been correctly installed.**



---

## Cleaning the rails



The rails can be removed for cleaning.

To unhook the rails:

- 1.** Lift the rails at the front in an upwards direction
- 2.** and unhook them,
- 3.** then pull the rails forward
- 4.** and remove

Clean the rails using either washing-up liquid and a sponge or a brush.

To hook rails back into position:

Insert the rails at the rear, push them backwards slightly and hook them in at the front.

The rails fit both the left and right sides. Recess (a) must always be at the bottom.

---

## Seal

Clean the seal on the oven with washing-up liquid. Never use caustic or abrasive detergents.

---

## Accessories

Immediately after use, soak the accessories in washing-up liquid. Food residues can then be easily removed with a brush or sponge.

# Troubleshooting

Should a malfunction occur, it is often only due to a minor fault. Please read the following instructions before calling the after-sales service:

Problem	Possible cause	Comments/remedy
The oven does not work.	Blown fuse.	Look in the fuse box and check that the fuse is in working order.
	Power cut	Check whether the kitchen light switches on.

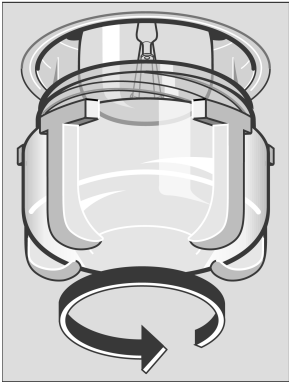
**Repairs may only be carried out by fully trained after-sales service technicians.**

Improper repairs may constitute serious hazards to the user.

## Replacing the oven light

If the oven light fails, it must be replaced. Heat-resistant spare bulbs can be obtained from the after-sales service or specialist shops. Only use these bulbs.

### Method



1. Disconnect the appliance from the mains.
2. Place a tea towel in the cold oven to prevent damage.
3. Unscrew the glass cover by turning it anti-clockwise.
4. Replace the oven light with one of the same type.
5. Screw the glass cover back on.
6. Remove the tea towel and connect the appliance from the mains.

Replacing the glass cover

The glass cover on the oven light must be replaced if it is damaged. Replacement glass covers may be obtained from the after-sales service. To this end, please specify the E number and FD number of your appliance.

---

## After-sales service

E number and FD number

Our after-sales service is there for you if your oven needs repairing. You will find the address and telephone number of your nearest after-sales service centre in the phone book. The after-sales service centres listed will also be happy to advise you of a service point in your local area.

Please quote the E number (product number) and the FD number (production number) of your appliance when contacting the after-sales service. The rating plate containing these numbers is found on the right, on the side of the oven door. You can make a note of these numbers in the space below to save time in the event of your appliance malfunctioning.

E no.	FD no.
-------	--------

After-sales service 
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

# Packaging and old appliances

**Disposing in an environmentally-responsible manner**

Unpack the appliance and dispose of the packaging in an environmentally-responsible manner.



This appliance is marked according to the European directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE).

This guideline is the frame of a European-wide validity of return and recycling on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.

---

## Tables and tips

This table contains a selection of dishes and the optimum settings at which to cook them. You can find out which type of heating and temperature is best for your dish, which accessories to use, and at which oven level the dish should be inserted. You will find a variety of tips about ovenware and preparation, and a small troubleshooting section in case anything should go wrong.

---

## Cakes and pastries

### Baking tins

It is best to use dark baking tins. You should use hot air when using shiny baking tins, or glass containers. This means, however, that the baking time is increased and the cake does not brown so evenly.





Place the cake tin on the wire rack.

Tables








The values in the table apply to dishes placed in a cold oven. This saves energy. Shorten the baking times indicated by 5 to 10 minutes if you have preheated the oven.



The tables show which type of heating is best for different cakes and bakes. The temperature and cooking time you select depends on the quantity and type of pastry. This is why “ranges” are given in the tables. You should try to use a lower temperature setting to start with, since this allows more even browning. If necessary, use a higher temperature setting the next time.

More information can be found in the “Baking tips” section which follows the tables.

Cakes in tins	Tin on the wire grill	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Baking time in minutes
Cake	Cake tin	1		220-240	40-50
	Tinplate, Ø 31 cm	2+4		190-210	45-55
Quiche	Cake tin	1		210-230	40-50
	Tinplate, Ø 31 cm				
Cakes*	Cake tin	2		180-200	50-60
	Tinplate, 28 cm				

\* If you want to bake several cakes at the same time, you can place tins next to each other on the wire grill.

Cakes on the tray		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Baking time in minutes
Pizza	Baking tray	2		210-230	25-35
	2 baking trays	2+4		180-200	45-55
Puff pastry	Baking tray	3		170-190	20-30
	2 baking trays*	2+4		170-190	30-40
Meringue	Baking tray	3		80-100	155-205
Viennese whirls	Baking tray	3		160-180	20-30
	2 baking trays	2+4		140-160	35-45

Cakes on the tray		Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Baking time in minutes
Macaroons	Baking tray	3		100-120	30-40
	2 baking trays	2+4		100-120	40-50

\* If you are using both levels of the oven, place the enamelled tray in the higher position.

You can obtain an additional baking tray from a specialist shop or from the after-sales service.

## Baking tips

**You wish to cook to your own recipe.**

Refer to the instructions in the tables for similar types of food.

**How to check that a sponge cake is cooked properly.**

Approximately 10 minutes before the end of the baking time given in the recipe, pierce the tallest point of the cake with a cocktail stick. The cake is done if the cocktail stick comes out clean.

**The cake collapses.**

Next time, use less liquid or decrease the oven temperature by 10 degrees. Observe the cooking times in the recipe.

**The cake has risen in the centre but is lower at the edges.**

Do not grease the sides of the springform cake tin. As soon as the cake is done, carefully loosen the cake around the edges using a knife.

**The cake is too dark at the top.**

Insert it at a lower level in the oven, select a lower temperature and cook the cake a little while longer.


**The cake is too dry.**

Use a toothpick to make small holes in the finished cake. Then drizzle fruit juice or alcohol over the top. Next time you should decrease the temperature by around 10 degrees and reduce the baking times.

**The bread or cake (e.g. cheesecake) looks fine, but is soggy on the inside (soft, with watery areas).**

Next time you should add a little less liquid and cook for a little longer at a lower temperature. Cakes with fruit topping: Precook the base first of all. Sprinkle with almonds or breadcrumbs and then place the topping over this. Please observe the recipe and the baking times.


**The pastry is unevenly browned.**

Select a slightly lower temperature to ensure that the pastry is baked more evenly. Delicate pastry should be baked on one level using top/bottom heating . Baking paper that protrudes over the food can affect the air circulation. For this reason, always cut the baking paper to fit the baking tray.

---

**You were baking on several levels. The food on the top baking tray is darker than that on the bottom baking tray.**

---

Always use hot air  when baking on several levels. Baking trays that are placed in the oven at the same time will not necessarily be ready at the same time.

---

**Condensation is formed when baking cakes containing fresh fruit.**

---

Baking may result in the formation of water vapour. It escapes above the door handle. The steam may settle and form water droplets on the control panel or on the fronts of adjacent units. This is a normal physical process.

---

---

## **Meat, poultry, fish**

### **Ovenware**

You may use any heat-resistant dishes.

Always place the dishes in the centre of the wire grill.

Hot glass dishes should be placed on a dry kitchen towel after being removed from the oven. The glass could crack if placed on a cold or wet surface.

### **Advice on roasting**

The roasting result depends on the type and quality of meat.

Add 2 to 3 soup spoons of liquid to lean meat, and 8 to 10 soup spoons of liquid to pot roasts, depending on the size.

Meat should be turned half way through the cooking time.

When the roast is ready, switch off the oven and leave the roast to stand for 10 minutes with the oven door closed. This allows the meat juices to distribute more favourably.

### **Advice on grilling**

Always close the oven door when grilling.

If possible, use pieces of meat which are of the same thickness. They should be at least 2 to 3 cm thick. Such pieces will be browned evenly and stay juicy and soft in the middle. Only salt the steaks after they have been grilled.


















Place the pieces of meat directly onto the wire grill. If you are grilling just one piece of meat, it will turn out best if you place it in the centre of the wire grill. You should also insert the aluminium tray at level 1. The meat juices are collected here and the oven is kept clean.

Turn the pieces of meat after two thirds of the cooking time indicated.





The grill element automatically switches itself off and back on again. This is normal. The number of times this happens depends on the grill setting you have selected.

## Meat

The table applies to insertion into a cold oven. The time specifications are provided as guidelines only and depend on the type and quality of the meat.

Meat	Weight	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C, grill	Cooking time in minutes
Beef pot roast (e.g. ribs)	1 kg	Covered	2		200-220	80
	1.5 kg		2		190-210	100
	2 kg		2		180-200	120
Sirloin of beef	1 kg	Uncovered	2		210-230	70
	1.5 kg		2		200-220	80
	2 kg		2		190-210	90
Sirloin, medium-rare*	1 kg	Uncovered	1		210-230	40
Steaks, well done		Wire rack***	5		3	20
Steaks, medium rare		Wire rack***	5		3	15
Pork without rind (e.g. neck)	1 kg	Uncovered	1		190-210	100
	1.5 kg		1		180-200	140
	2 kg		1		170-190	160
Pork with rind** (e. g. shoulder, leg)	1 kg	Uncovered	1		180-200	120
	1.5 kg		1		170-190	150
	2 kg		1		160-180	180
Smoked pork on the bone	1 kg	Covered	2		210-230	70
Meat loaf	750 g	Uncovered	1		170-190	70



Meat	Weight	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C, grill	Cooking time in minutes
Sausage	approx. 750 g	Wire rack***	4		3	15
Roast veal	1 kg	Uncovered	2		190-210	100
	2 kg		2		170-190	120
Leg of lamb without bone	1.5 kg	Uncovered	1		150-170	120

\* Turn roast beef after half the cooking time. After cooking, wrap the sirloin in aluminium foil and leave in the oven to stand for 10 minutes.

\*\* Make cuts in the pork rind and place the pork in the dish if the pork is to be turned, first place the pork with the rind side down.

\*\*\* Insert the aluminium tray at level 1.

## Poultry

The table applies to dishes placed in a cold oven.







The weights indicated in the table refer to oven-ready poultry (without stuffing).


If you are grilling directly on the wire rack, you should also insert the aluminium tray at level 1.

Pierce the skin of duck or goose under the wings to enable the fat to run off.

Turn whole poultry after two thirds of the grilling time.





Poultry will turn out particularly crispy and brown if you baste it towards the end of the roasting time with butter, salted water or orange juice.

Poultry	Weight	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time in minutes
Chicken halves, 1 to 4	400 g each	Wire rack	2		200-220	40-50
Chicken pieces	250 g each	Wire rack	2		200-220	30-40
Whole chickens, 1 to 4	1 kg each	Wire rack	2		190-210	50-80
Duck	1.7 kg	Wire rack	2		180-200	90-100
Goose	3 kg	Wire rack	2		170-190	110-130
Young turkey	3 kg	Wire rack	2		180-200	80-100

Poultry	Weight	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time in minutes
2 turkey drumsticks	800 g each	Wire rack	2		190-210	90-110

Fish

The table applies to dishes placed in a cold oven.

Fish	Weight	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C, grill	Cooking time in minutes
Grilled fish	300 g each	Wire rack*	3		2	20-25
	1 kg		2		180-200	45-50
	1.5 kg		2		170-190	50-60
Sliced fish (e.g. steaks)	300 g each	Wire rack*	4		2	20-25








\* Insert the aluminium tray at level 1.

# Tips for roasting and grilling

The table does not contain information for the weight of the roast.	Select the next lowest weight from the instructions and extend the time.
How can you tell when the roast is ready?	Use a meat thermometer (available from specialist shops) or carry out a "spoon test". Press down on the roast with a spoon. If it feels firm, it is ready. If the spoon can be pressed in, it needs to be cooked for a little longer.
The roast is too dark and the crackling is partly burnt.	Check the shelf position and temperature.
The roast looks good, but the juices are burnt.	Next time, use a smaller roasting dish or add more liquid.
The roast looks good, but the juices are too clear and watery.	Next time, use a larger roasting dish or add less liquid.
Steam rises from the roast when the juice is basted.	Use hot air grilling instead of top/bottom heating. This prevents the bottom of the roast from becoming too hot, thereby producing less steam.

# Bakes, gratins, toast

The table applies to dishes placed in a cold oven.

Meal	Ovenware	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C, grill	Cooking time in minutes
Sweet bakes (e.g. quark and fruit bake)	Casserole dish	2		180-200	40-50
Savoury bakes made from cooked ingredients (e.g. pasta bake)	Casserole dish or enamel tray	3		210-230	30-40
		3		210-230	20-30
Savoury bakes made from raw ingredients* (e.g. potato gratin)	Casserole dish or enamel tray	2		150-170	50-60
		2		150-170	50-60
Toast	Wire rack	5		3	4-5
Toast with topping	Wire rack**	4		3	5-8
Toast	Wire rack	2			15-20
Toast with topping	Wire rack**	3			15-20

\* The bake must be no higher than 2 cm.


\*\* Always insert the enamel tray at level 1.

# Defrosting

Remove the food from its packaging and place it in a suitable dish on the wire grill.

Please observe the instructions on the packaging.

The defrosting times depend on the type and amount of food.





Meal	Accessories	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C
<b>Frozen foods*</b> e.g. cream gateaux, cream cakes, cakes with chocolate or icing, fruit, chicken, sausages and meat, bread, rolls, pastries and other baked goods	Wire rack	2		The temperature selector remains switched off
* Cover frozen food with microwave foil. Place poultry onto the plate with the breast side down.				

# Drying

Only use perfectly fresh fruit and vegetables, and wash them thoroughly.

Allow the food to drain well and dry it yourself.

Line the enamel tray and wire rack with baking paper or greaseproof paper.

Meal	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Cooking time in hours
600 g apple rings	2 + 4		80	Approx. 5
800 g sliced pears	2 + 4		80	Approx. 8
1.5 kg prunes or plums	2 + 4		80	Approx. 8 - 10
200 g fresh herbs, washed	2 + 4		80	Approx. 1½

**Note** Very moist fruit or vegetables should be turned several times. Once dried, remove the food from the paper immediately.

---

# Preserving

## Preparation

The jars and rubber sealing rings must be clean and intact. Use jars of the same size if possible. The instructions in the table refer to round 1-litre jars. Caution Do not use larger or taller jars. The lid could crack.


Only use perfectly fresh fruit and vegetables. Wash them thoroughly.

Pour the fruit or vegetables into the jars. Wipe clean the tops of the jars again if necessary. They must be clean. Place a wet rubber sealing ring and lid on each jar and lock the jars using clamps.

Do not place more than six jars in the oven.

The times specified in the tables are guidelines only. They can be influenced by the room temperature, the number of jars and the amount and temperature of the jar contents. Before you change settings or switch off the appliance, make sure that the contents of the jars are actually bubbling.

## Setting procedure

1. Place the enamel tray on level 2. Place the jars inside the pan so that they do not come into contact with each other.
2. Pour ½ litre of hot water (approx. 80 °C) into the enamel tray.
3. Close the oven door.
4. Switch the function selector to .
5. Set the temperature selector to 170 to 180 °C.

## Preserving fruit

As soon as the contents of the jars begins to simmer, that is when small bubbles appear at short intervals - after about 40 to 50 minutes - turn off the temperature selector. The function selector remains switched on.

The jars should be removed from the oven after being reheated for 25 to 35 minutes. If the food is left to cool in the oven for longer, bacteria might form, causing the preserved fruit to spoil prematurely. Switch off the function selector.

<b>Fruit in 1-litre jars</b>	<b>After bubbling</b>	<b>Reheating</b>
Apples, red/blackcurrants, strawberries	turn off	approx. 25 minutes
Cherries, apricots, peaches, gooseberries	turn off	approx. 30 minutes
Apple purée, pears, plums	turn off	approx. 35 minutes

### **Preserving vegetables**

As soon as the contents of the jars begins to simmer, set the temperature selector back to approximately 120 to 140 °C. The table shows when you can switch off the temperature selector. Allow the vegetables to stand in the oven for a further 30 to 35 minutes. The function selector remains switched on during this time.

<b>Vegetables with cold stock in 1-litre jars</b>	<b>After bubbling 120 - 140 °C</b>	<b>Reheating</b>
Cucumbers	—	approx. 35 minutes
Beetroot	approx. 35 minutes	approx. 30 minutes
Brussel sprouts	approx. 45 minutes	approx. 30 minutes
Beans, kohlrabi, red cabbage	approx. 60 minutes	approx. 30 minutes
Peas	approx. 70 minutes	approx. 30 minutes

### **Remove the jars**

Never place the hot jars on a cold or wet surface as this could cause the glass to crack.

---

## Energy saving tips

Only preheat the oven if it specifies in the recipe or in the table in the instruction manual that you should do so.

Use non-stick, black painted or enamelled tins. They absorb the heat especially well.

If you have several cakes to bake it is best to bake them one after the other. The oven is still warm. This shortens the baking time for the second cake. You can also put two baking tins in one after the other.

For long cooking times, the oven can be switched off 10 minutes before the end of the cooking time and the remaining heat can be used to finish the cooking.

---

## Acrylamide in food

Experts are currently discussing how dangerous acrylamide in food can be. We have compiled this information sheet for you on the basis of current research.

### **Where does acrylamide come from?**

Acrylamide in food does not come from external contamination. It is formed in the food itself during preparation - provided that the food contains carbohydrate and protein. Exactly how this happens has not yet been completely explained. However, it appears that the acrylamide content is strongly influenced by:

high temperatures  
a low water content in food  
intensive browning of the food.

### **What sort of foods are affected?**

Acrylamide forms mostly in grain and potato products that are prepared at high temperatures, e.g.:

crisps, chips,  
toast, rolls, bread,  
baked goods made from shortcrust pastry (speciality  
biscuits and cakes).

---

## What can you do?

You can avoid high levels of acrylamide when baking, frying and grilling.

The following recommendations were published by AID<sup>1</sup> and BMVEL<sup>2</sup> to help you minimise acrylamide levels:

### In general

Keep cooking times as short as possible.

“Brown rather than burn” - cook food only until it is golden brown.

The larger and thicker the food is, the less acrylamide it contains.

### Baking

Set the temperature to a maximum of 180 °C when using the hot air setting.

Cookies: Set the temperature to a maximum of 170 °C when using the hot air setting. The presence of egg or egg yolk in a recipe reduces the formation of acrylamide.

Spread oven chips evenly over the baking sheet in one layer where possible. To prevent the food from drying out quickly, place at least 400 g on each baking sheet.

<sup>1</sup> AID “Acrylamide” information leaflet, published by AID (German Evaluation and Information Service for Nutrition, Agriculture and Forestry) and BMVEL (German Federal Ministry for Consumer Protection, Food and Agriculture), as at 12/02, Internet: <http://www.aid.de>

<sup>2</sup> BMVEL press release 365, as at 4.12.2002, Internet: <http://www.verbraucherministerium.de>












# Test dishes

In accordance with DIN 44547 and EN 60350

## Baking

The values in the table apply to dishes placed in a cold oven.

Meal	Accessories and notes	Level	Type of heating	Temperature in °C	Baking time in minutes
Viennese whirls	Baking tray	3		160-180	20-30
	Baking tray + enamel tray*	2+4		140-160	30-40
Small cakes x 20	Baking tray	3		160-180	25-35
Small cakes, 20 per baking tray (preheat)	Baking tray + enamel tray*	2+4		150-170	25-35
Swiss roll	Springform cake tin	2		160-180	30-40
Yeast cakes on a baking tray	Enamel tray	3		170-190	40-50
	Baking tray + enamel tray*	2+4		160-180	50-60
German apple pie	2 wire racks + 2 tinplate springform cake tins Ø 20 cm**	2+4		190-210	70-80
	Enamel tray+ 2 tinplate springform cake tins Ø 20 cm**	1		190-210	70-80



Baking trays may be obtained as optional accessories from specialist shops.

\* Always place the enamel tray above the tray when you are cooking on two levels at once.

\*\* Place the cakes diagonally on the accessories.

## Grilling

The values in the table apply to dishes placed in a cold oven.

Meal	Accessories	Level	Type of heating	Grill setting	Cooking time in minutes
Toast (preheat for 10 mins.)	Wire rack	5		3	1-2
Beefburgers, x 12*	Wire rack	4		3	25-30

\* Turn half way through the cooking time. Always insert the enamel tray at level 1.



[www.siemens-international.com](http://www.siemens-international.com)

9000144698 00 8512